

Investor Relations Presentation March 2016

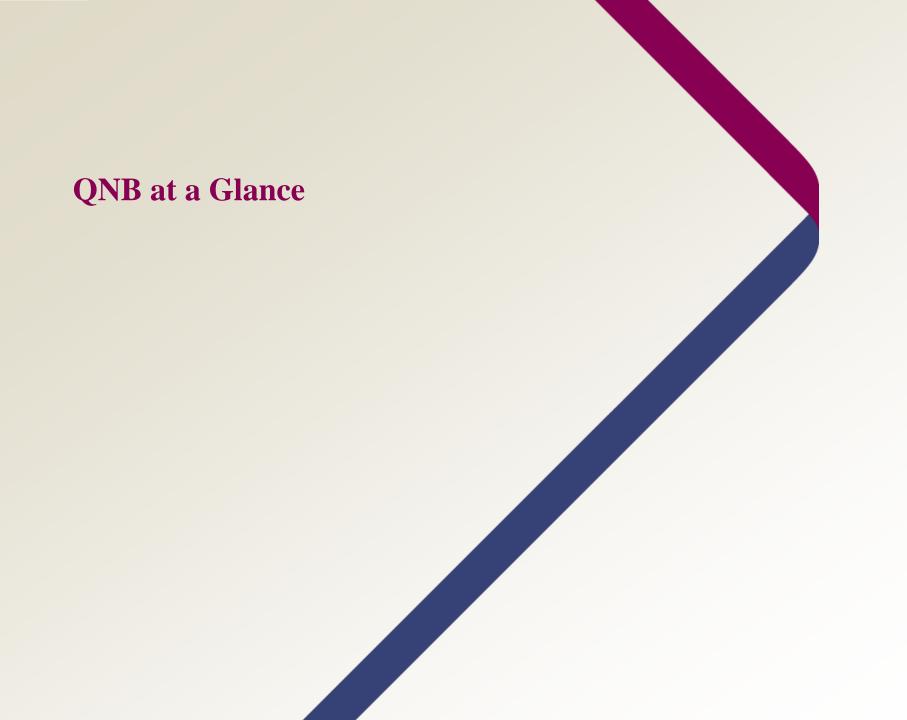
Contents

- 1. QNB at a Glance
- 2. QNB Comparative Positioning Qatar and MEA
- 3. Financial Highlights as at 31 March 2016
- 4. Economic Overview

Notes:

All figures in US Dollars have been converted from Qatari Riyals based on the exchange rate of 1 US Dollar = 3.6405 Qatari Riyals In certain cases, numbers may be rounded for presentation purposes





QNB at a Glance: Overview

Overview

- Established in 1964 as the first Qatari owned bank
- Owned (50%) by the Government of Qatar via the Qatar Investment Authority (QIA)
- Largest bank in Qatar by market cap., assets, loans, deposits and profit.
- Largest bank in MEA by total assets, loans, deposits and profit.

Credit Rating

	Moody's	S&P	Fitch	Capital Intelligence
LT	Aa3	A +	AA-	AA-
ST	P-1	A-1	F1+	A1 +
Outlook	Stable	Stable	Stable	Stable

Presence

 QNB Group, subsidiaries and associate companies operate in more than 27 countries around the world across 3 continents, through more than 640 locations, supported by more than 1,400 ATMs and employing more than 15,300 staff. ¹

Stock/Share Parameters

- Listed on Qatar Exchange (QNBK)
- Market cap. of USD32.5bn
- Share price of USD38.68 per share
- Price to Book 2.1x (31-Dec-15)
- Price to Earnings 10.9x (31-Dec-15)

Financials ² (in USD billion)			
	2016	2015	5yr CAGR
Total Assets	151.1	137.8	18%
Loans & Advances	110.4	94.9	23%
Deposits	110.7	100.5	18%
Operating Income ³	1.12	1.10	12%
Profit ⁴	0.79	0.73	11%
Coverage Ratio	120%	129%	-
NPL Ratio	1.4%	1.5%	-
Net Interest Margin	2.78%	2.85%	-





- 1: Source: QNB
- 2: Source March 2016 Financial Report
- 3: Operating Income includes Share of Results of Associates
- 4: Profit Attributable to Equity Holders of the Bank

QNB's International Footprint

Middle East Sub-Saharan Africa Qatar: (72 Branches) South Sudan: (1 Branch) Jordan: (128² (+3²) Branches, 34.5% stake Togo: (+1,250 Branches, 20.0% stake in in Housing Bank of Trade & Finance) Ecobank1) **UAE:** (27 (+1²) Branches, 40.0% stake Asia Indonesia: (49 Branches, 82.59% stake Syria: (15 (+30²) Branches, 50.8% stake In QNB Indonesia) in QNB-Syria) Singapore: (1 Branch) Palestine: (13 Branches²) Iraq: (9 (+12) Branches, 50.8% stake India: (1 Office, 100% stake) in Bank Mansour) China: (1 Representative office) Oman: (6 Branches) Vietnam: (1 Representative office) Bahrain: (1 Branch²) Myanmar: (1 Representative office) Kuwait: (1 Branch) **North Africa** Lebanon: (1 Branch) Egypt: (192 Branches, 97.1% stake in QNB ALAHLI) Yemen: (1 Branch) Libya: (36² (+1) Branches, 49.0% stake Iran: (1 Representative office³) in Bank of Commerce & Development) Tunisia: (34 Branches, 99.9% stake **Europe** in QNB Tunisia) Sudan: (6 Branches) United Kingdom: (1 (+12) Branch) Algeria: (7 Branches²) France: (1 Branch) Switzerland: (1 Office, 100% stake Mauritania: (1 Branch) in QNB Banque Privée)



^{1:} Ecobank share of 20.0%, as at 31 March 2016, includes ordinary shares and QNB's convertible preference shares. The branch data for Ecobank is as at 31 December 2015.

^{2:} Includes the branches / representative offices from subsidiaries and associates

^{3:} Dormant

Rating Excerpts



"A+" with "Stable" outlook

"QNB has an unrivalled leading position in a narrow but wealthy domestic market, and its international expansion is gradually eroding its domestic concentration..."

August 12th, 2015

Moody's

"Aa3" with "Stable" outlook

"Consistently high profitability levels supported by its dominant market position and government relationships."

September 17th, 2015

FitchRatings "AA-" with "Stable" outlook

"Fitch makes a distinction between QNB's SRF (Support Rating Floor) and that of the other banks in Qatar, as a result of its status as the flagship bank in the sector, its role in the Qatari banking sector and close business links with the state."

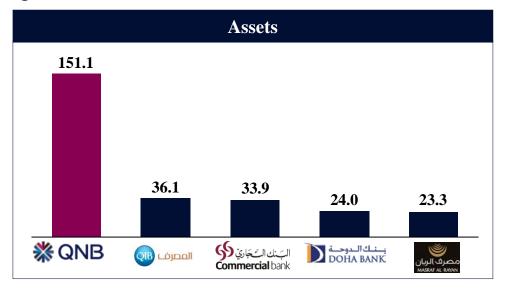
March 11th, 2015

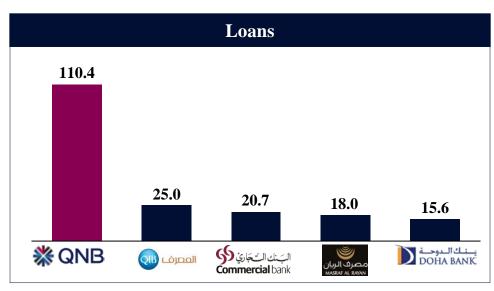


QNB Comparative Positioning – Qatar and MEA

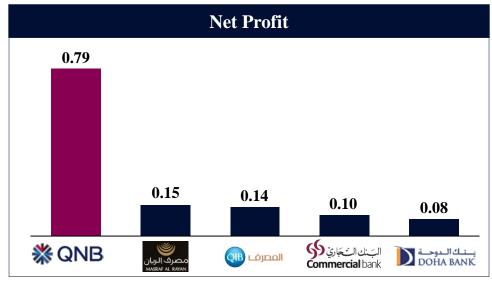
Top 5 Domestic Banks – March 2016

QNB continues to excel in the domestic market







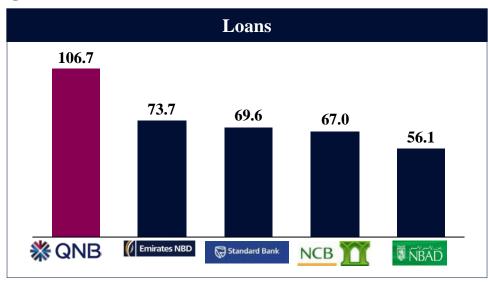


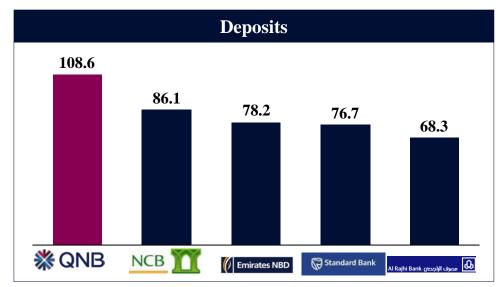


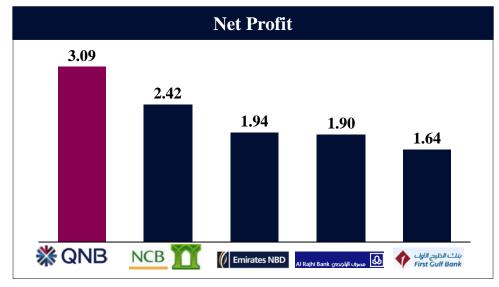
Top 5 MEA Banks – December 2015

QNB improved its position as the leading bank in the region





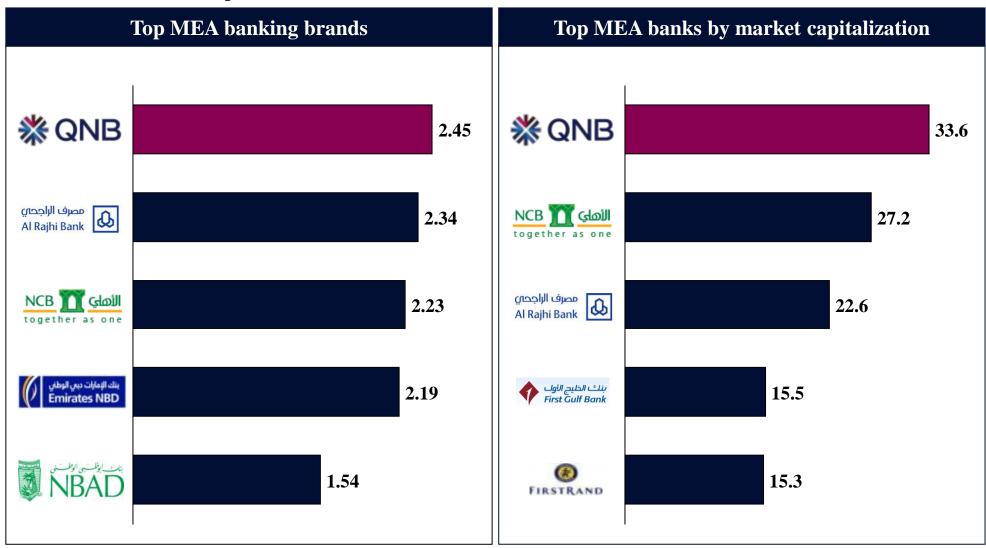






QNB is the leading financial institution in the MEA region with regards to brand value and market capitalisation

Brand value and market capitalisation (USD Bn as at 31-Dec-15)





Source: Brand Finance 2015, Bloomberg

Financial Highlights – as at 31 March 2016

QNB continues to demonstrate sustainable profitable growth

Financial Highlights (as at 31 March 2016)



Growth vs. March 2015

• Net interest margin (NIM)²: 2.78% Profit1 • USD787 million net profit • Cost to income ratio: 22.7% +10% from Mar-15 • USD151.1 billion assets +2% from Dec-15 • NPL (% of gross loans): 1.4% **Assets** +16% from Mar-15 • Coverage ratio: 120% • USD110.4 billion loans +4% from Dec-15 +10% from Mar-15 **Funding** • USD110.7 billion deposits • Loans to deposits ratio: 99.7% +2% from Dec-15 • USD16.6 billion equity **Equity** +11% • Capital adequacy ratio (Basel III): 15.8%



Source: March 2016 Financial Report

1: Profit Attributable to Equity Holders of the Bank

2: Net interest margin calculated as net interest income over average earning assets

QNB ALAHLI

Highlights (as at 31 March 2016)

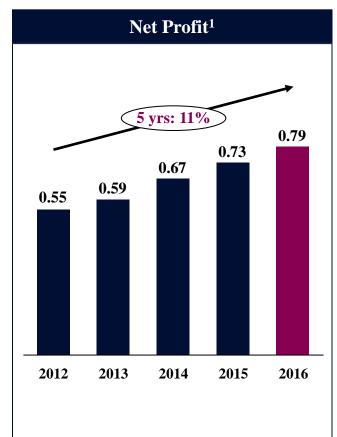


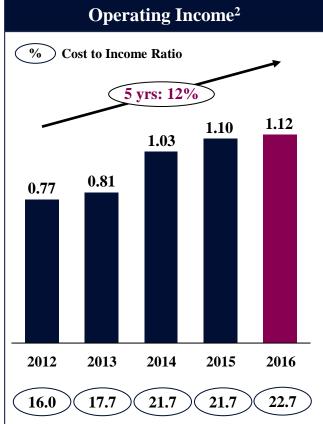
Growth vs. March 2015

Profit	• USD98.3 million +34%	 Net interest margin (NIM)¹: Cost to income ratio: 	4.77% 29.3%
Assets	 USD15.8 billion assets USD7.2 billion loans +5% from Mar-15 -7% from Dec-15 +6% from Mar-15 -10% from Dec-15 	NPL (% of gross loans):Coverage ratio:	2.7% 179%
Funding	• USD12.5 billion deposits +4% from Mar-15 -8% from Dec-15	• Loans to deposits ratio:	57.9%
Equity	• USD1.6 billion equity -6%	• Capital adequacy ratio (Basel II):	14.4%

Strong profitability growth

Income Statement Breakdown (USD billion as at 31 March)







- Net profit increased 7% from March 2015
- 2011-2016 CAGR of 11%

- Operating income increased 2% from March 2015
- 2011-2016 CAGR of 12%

- NII increased 4% from March 2015
- NIM decreased by 7bps from March 2015 as cost of funds increased

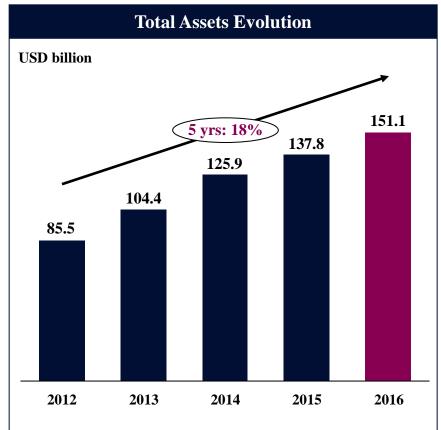


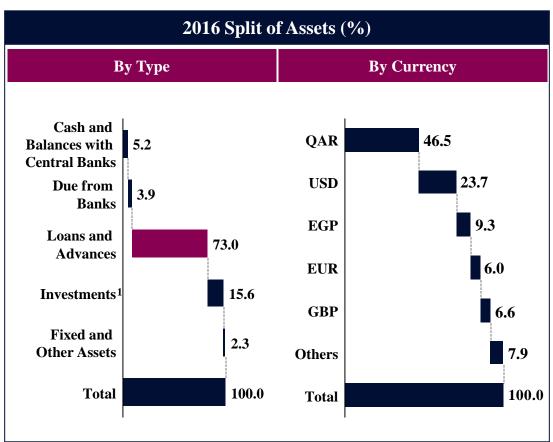
Source: March 2016 Financial Report

- 1: Profit Attributable to Equity Holders of the Bank
- 2: Operating Income includes Share of Results of Associates
- 3: Net interest margin calculated as net interest income over average interest earning assets

Good asset growth driven by lending activities mainly in QAR and USD

Assets Analysis (as at 31 March)





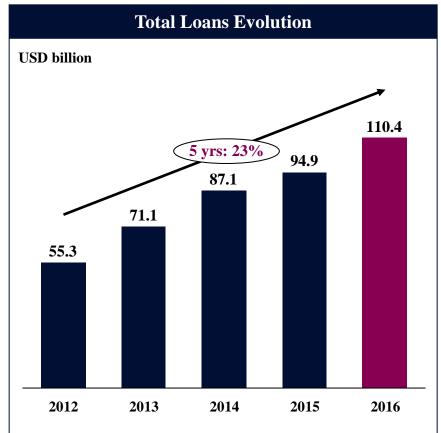
- Assets increased 10% from March 2015
- 2011-2016 CAGR of 18%

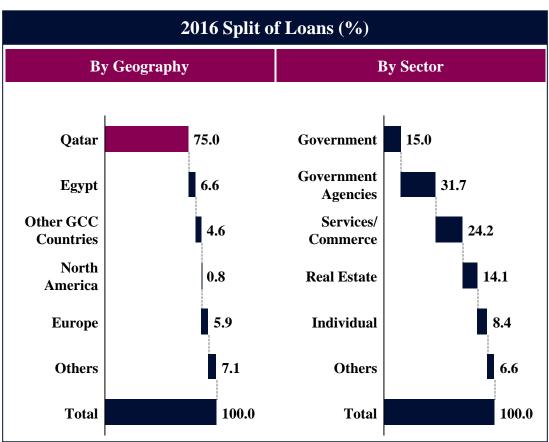
- Loans and advances represent 73% of total assets
- USD and QAR currencies account for 70% of total assets



Good loan growth

Loans Analysis (as at 31 March)





- Loans increased 16% from March 2015
- 2011-2016 CAGR of 23%

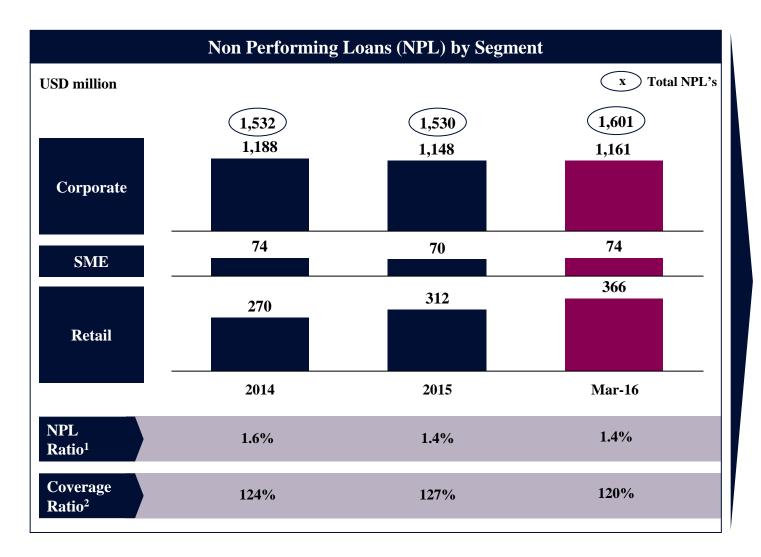
- Loans denominated in USD represent 33% of total loans
- Loan exposures are of a high quality with 47% concentration to Government and public sector entities



Source: March 2016 Financial Report

High quality lending portfolio is highlighted by low NPL ratios

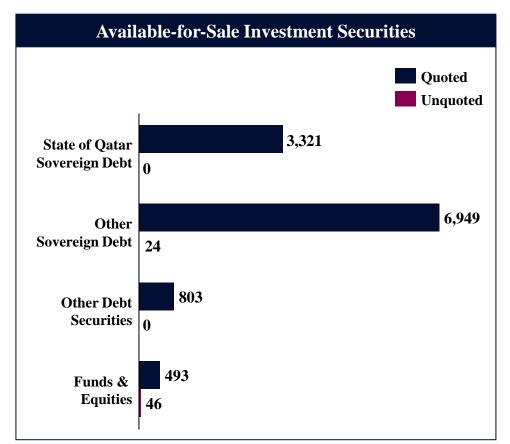
Asset Quality Analysis (as at December unless stated)

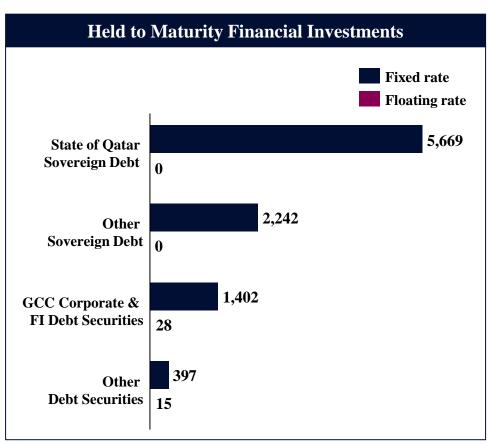


- QNB has continued to increase its provisions in response to the global economic situation
- has remained robust amidst the economic slowdown, with a coverage of 120% as at 31 March 2016
- Past dues are NPL after 90 days
- There is the additional security of a risk reserve of USD1,373 million which is greater than the 2.5% QCB requirements

High quality investment portfolio with 86% of securities rated AA or better

Investments Analysis (USD million as at 31 March 2016)





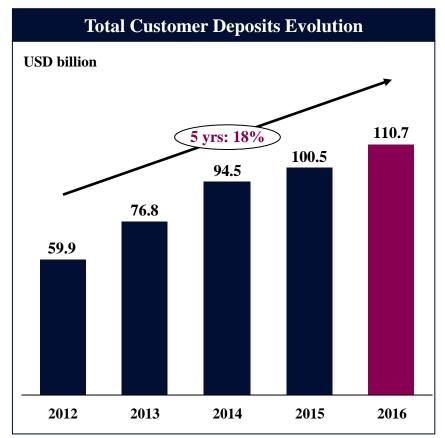
Quoted securities account for 99% of Available-for-Sale Investment securities

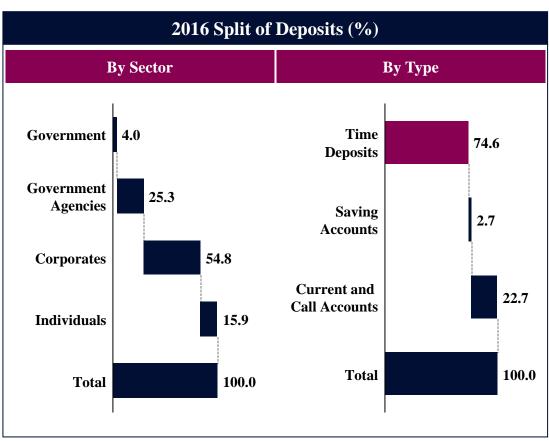
• Majority of Other Sovereign Debt is Government Guaranteed



Robust growth in customer deposits and funding

Funding Analysis (as at 31 March)





- Deposits increased 10% from March 2015
- 2011-2016 CAGR of 18%

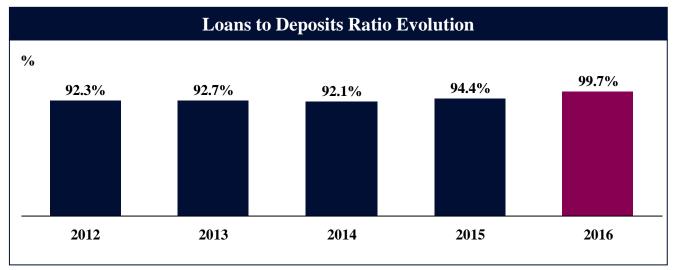
- QNB remains the public sector's preferred bank
- USD denominated deposits represent 39% of total deposits
- EGP denominated deposits represent 9% of total deposits

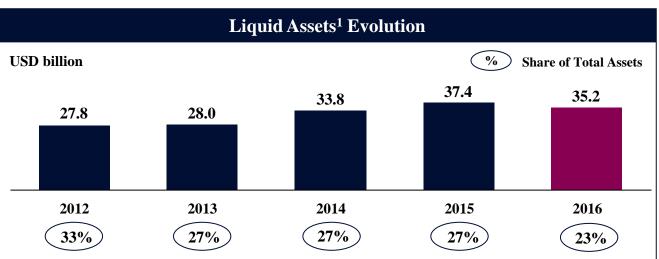


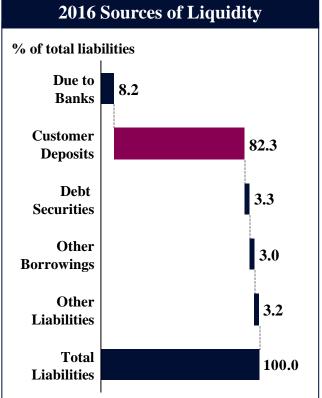
Source: March 2016 Financial Report

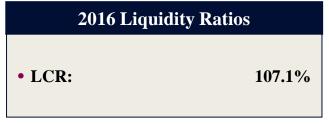
Solid liquidity profile above regulatory minimums

Liquidity Analysis (as at 31 March)











Sources of Institutional Funding EMTN and Certificate of Deposits

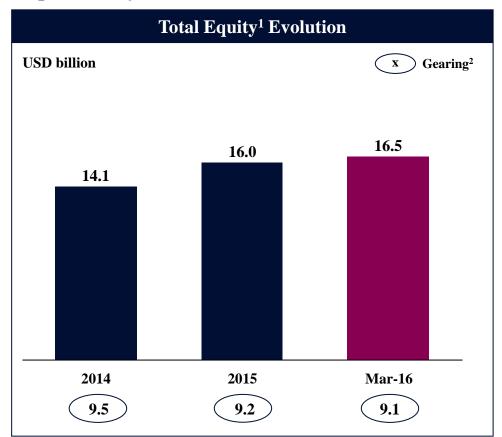
EMTN		
Set-Up	• November 2011 in Reg S format	
Current Values	• Programme limit USD 12.5 billion and outstanding is USD 7.0 billion	
Currencies	• Issued in AUD, CHF, CNY, EUR, HKD, JPY, SGD and USD	
Daily Postings	• Provided to the dealer group	
Dealers	 ANZ Banking Group, Barclays Bank plc, Citigroup Global Markets Limited, Commerzbank AG, Deutsche Bank AG (London Branch), HSBC Bank plc, J.P. Morgan Securities plc, Mitsubishi UFJ Securities International plc, Mizuho International plc, QNB Capital LLC and Standard Chartered Bank 	
Market Awards	• 2013 mtn-i award for 'Accommodating International Investors'	
Allocation from Last Issuance	• Middle East: 40% / Europe: 42% / Asia 18%	

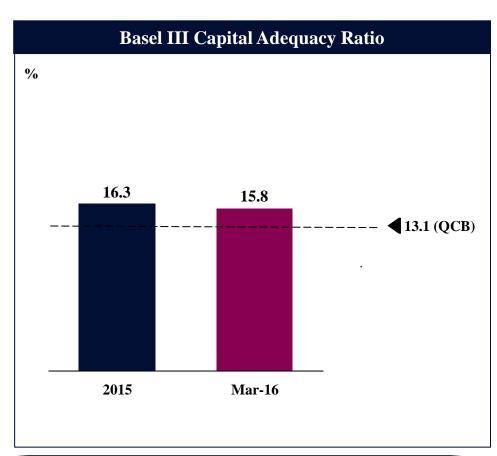
Certificate of Deposits				
Set-Up	• Issued by QNB London Branch and regulated by the FCA and the PRA			
Establish- ment Date	• Product launched in September 2012			
Current Values	Outstanding is USD 8.3 billion			
Average Life	Average residual life of 75 days			
Currencies	• Issuances in CHF, EUR, GBP, JPY, USD and other currencies available on request			
Dealers	• Bank of America Merrill Lynch, Barclays Bank plc, Citigroup Global Markets Limited, ING Bank NV and The Royal Bank of Scotland plc			



Strong capital adequacy ratio maintained above both QCB and Basel III requirements

Capital Analysis (as at 31 December)





- Capital base has been regularly increased in line with the strong performance of QNB's balance sheet
- Capital adequacy ratio is above QCB and Basel III requirements including the applicable DSIB buffer of 0.625% for 2016



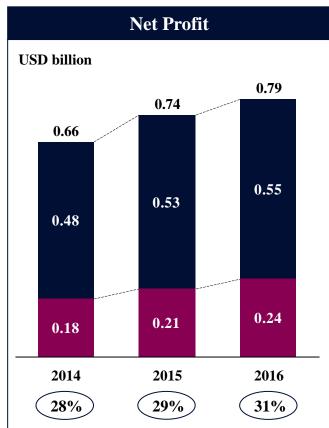
^{1:} Total Equity excludes fair value reserve, proposed dividend and non-controlling interest

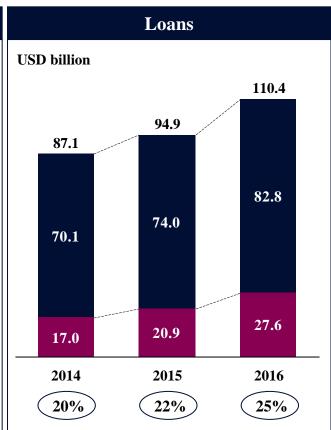
^{2:} Defined as total assets to total equity

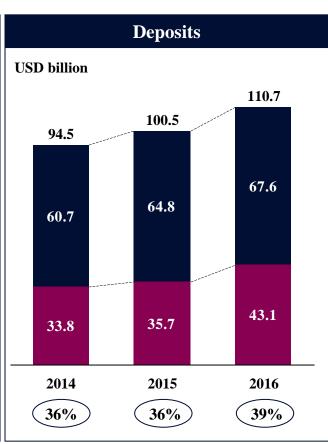
Increasing geographical diversification positively contributes to growth

Geographical Contribution (as at 31 March)







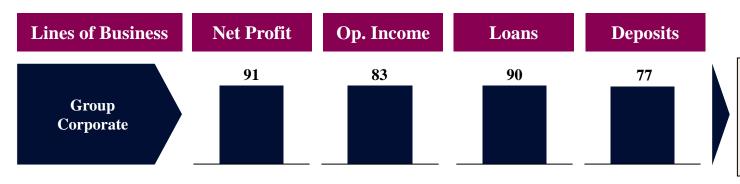


- Profit from international operations increased by USD62 Mn (33%) from 2014 to 2016
- Loans from international operations increased by USD10.6 Bn (62%) from 2014 to 2016
- Deposits from international operations increased by USD9.3 Bn (27%) from 2014 to 2016



Diversifying business mix will bolster sustainable growth

Business Mix Contribution (% share as at 31 March 2016)



- Maintain dominant domestic market share
- Grow international contribution
- Nurture SME business in Qatar

Group Asset and Wealth Management

6

5

12

- Ensure positioning as Qatar's leading private bank
- Maintain positioning as Qatar's leading fund manager
- Preferred Institutional Broker

Group Consumer Banking

3

10

4

11

- Maintain domestic market share
- Continue to enhance global affluent offering
- Selectively expand retail offering across international network

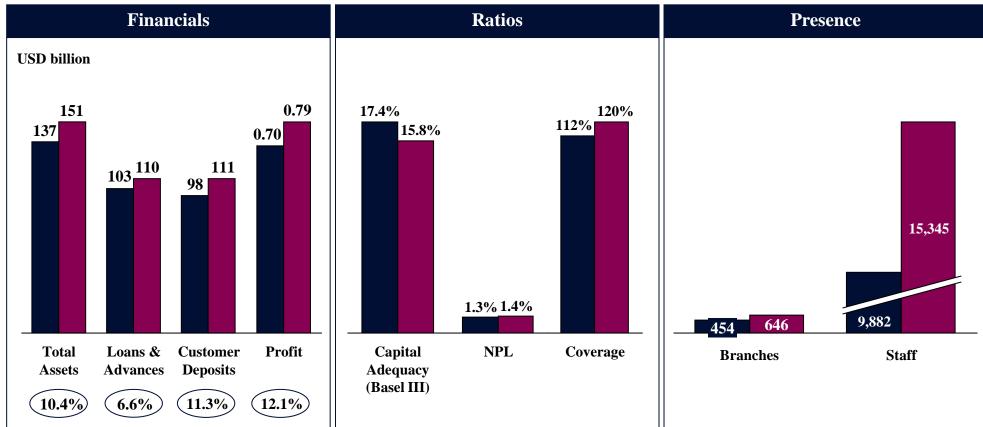


Source: ONB

QNB Group Financials

Key data (as at 31 March 2016)

QNB QNB incl. QNB ALAHLI % Contribution

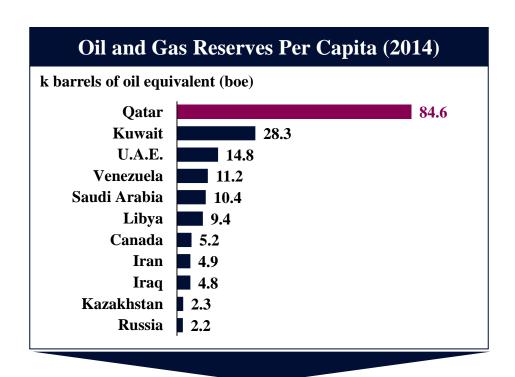


- Results finalised under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)
- Capital Adequacy (Basel III) on consolidation 15.8%

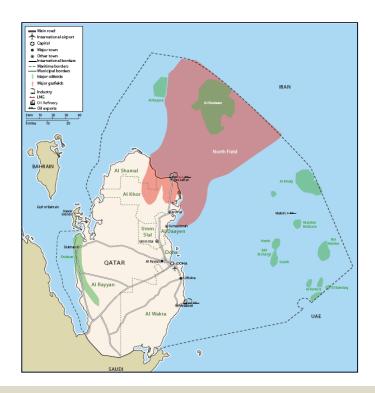




Qatar oil and gas wealth per capita is the highest in the world



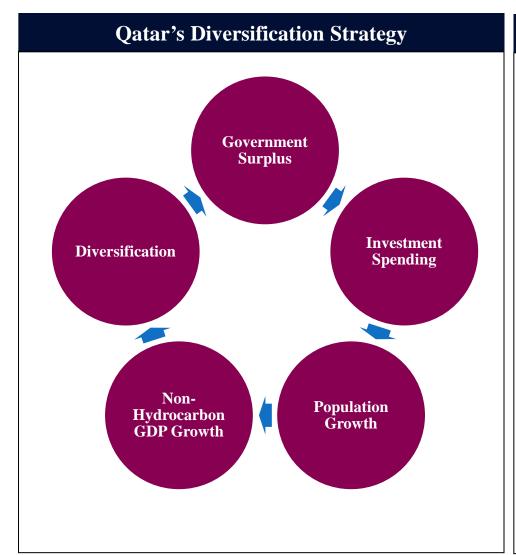
- Qatar is endowed with major oil and gas resources, especially in relation to the size of its population
- At current extraction rates, Qatar's proven gas reserves will last at least another 138 years and oil reserves for 36 years

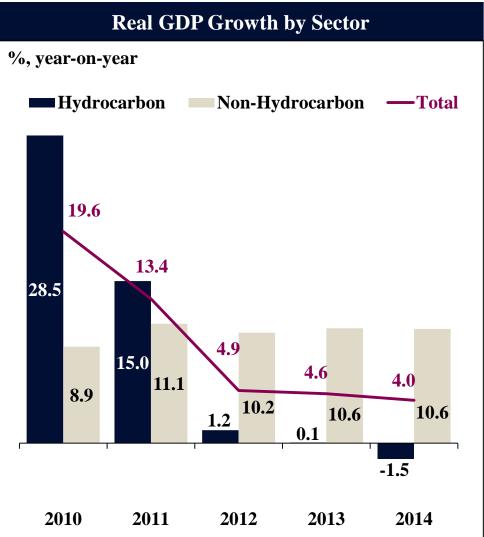


- Qatar's hydrocarbons reserves are mostly held in the North Field, which contains 59% of GCC gas reserves and 13% of global gas reserves
- Qatar has 26bn barrels of crude oil and condensate reserves (1.5% of global reserves)



Since 2011, large infrastructure investment projects have driven diversification and double-digit growth in the non-hydrocarbon sector

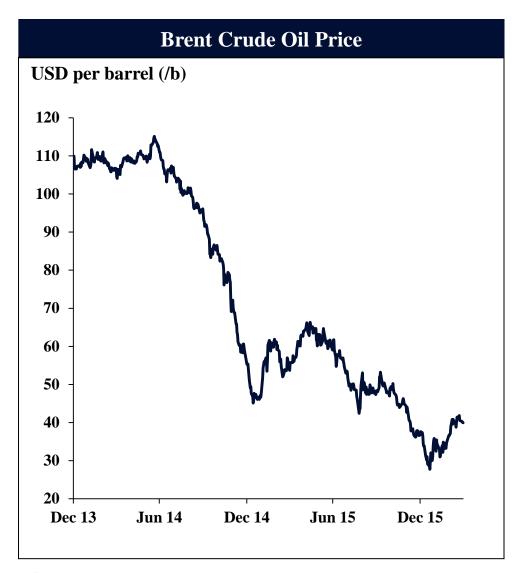






Sources: MDPS and QNB Economics 28

Oil prices have fallen by two thirds since mid-2014



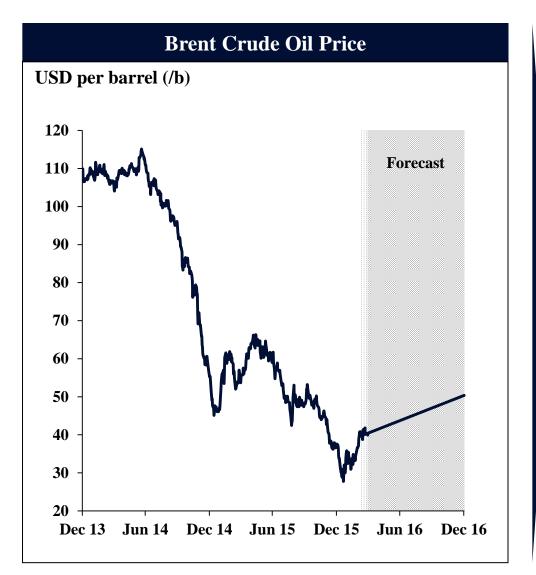
- Oil prices have fallen from USD115/b in June 2014 and are now hovering around USD40/b currently
- Reasons for the sharp decline include:
 - Large production growth from US shale producers
 - Increased production from OPEC
 - Weak global demand due to subdued economic recovery

29





Brent oil prices are expected to average USD44/b in 2016 as excess supply is projected to be reduced



- Oil markets are currently oversupplied by 1.6m b/d
- Oversupply is expected to be reduced in 2016 due to:
 - 1.2m b/d of additional demand mainly from China and other Asian countries
 - 0.4m b/d of production cuts from US shale
 - However, additional production of 0.4m b/d, from Iran is expected
- The rest of OPEC is projected to maintain production at current levels

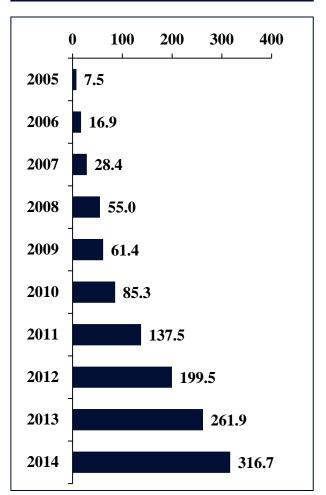


Low breakeven oil prices, accumulated savings and low public debt place Qatar in a strong position to withstand low oil prices

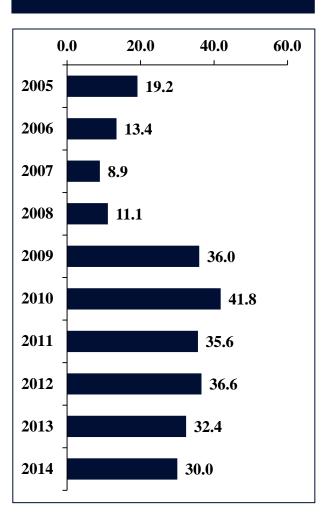
Fiscal Breakeven Oil Prices



Accumulated Current Account Surpluses (USD bn, 2005-14)

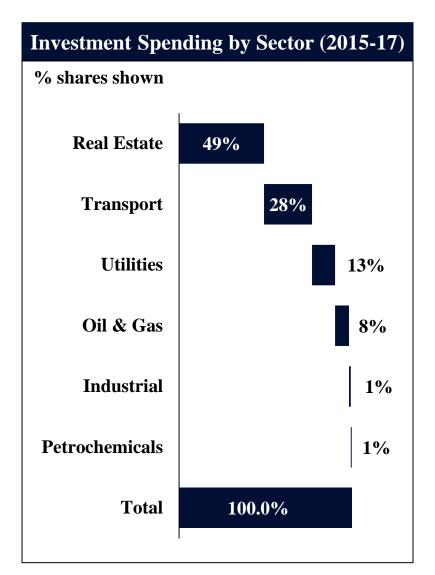


Public Debt (% GDP)





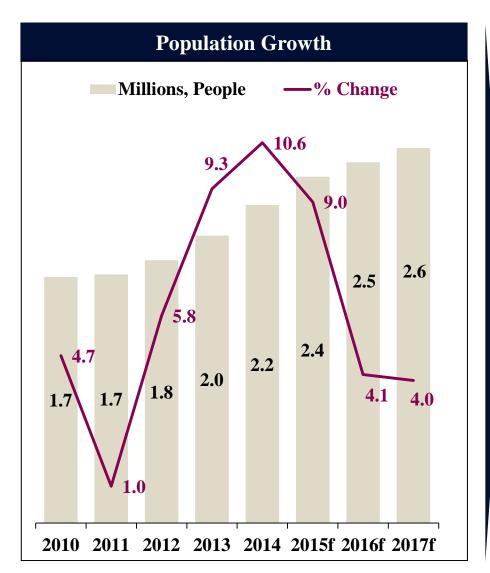
Large investment spending focused on real estate and transport will be a key driver of the economy going forward

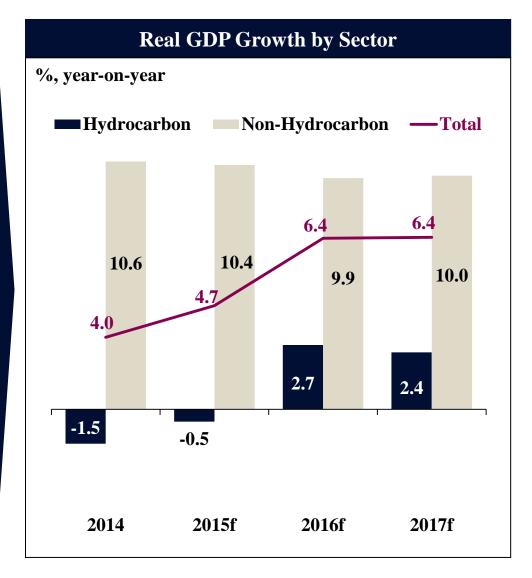


Major Projects			
	Project	Budget (bn USD)	End
Real Estate	Lusail Mixed-Use Development	45.0	2022
	Barwa Al Khor Development	10.0	2025
	Qatar Integrated Rail	40.0	2026
Transport	Hamad International Airport, Phase I & II	23.5	2020
	Ashghal Expressway Programme	20.0	2018
	Ashghal Local Roads & Drainage	14.6	2019
	Hamad Port	7.4	2020
Oil and Gas	Bul Hanine Oilfield Redevelopment	11.0	2022
	Barzan Gas Development	10.3	2023



Population growth coupled with investment spending are expected to accelerate real GDP growth





33



Sources: MDPS and QNB Economics forecasts

Disclaimer

By attending the meeting where this presentation is made, or by reading the presentation slides, you agree to be bound by the following limitations:

- These materials contain statements about future events and expectations that are forward-looking statements.
- These statements typically contain words such as "expects" and "anticipates" and words of similar import.
- Any statement in these materials that is not a statement of historical fact is a forward-looking statement that involves known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.
- None of the future projections, expectations, estimates or prospects in this presentation should be taken as forecasts or promises nor should they be taken as implying any indication, assurance or guarantee that the assumptions on which such future projections, expectations, estimates or prospects have been prepared are correct or exhaustive or, in the case of the assumptions, fully stated in the presentation.
- Past performance cannot be relied on as a guide to future performance.
- The Bank assumes no obligations to update the forward-looking statements contained herein to reflect actual results, changes in assumptions or changes in factors affecting these statements.
- The opinions presented herein are based on general information gathered at the time of writing and are subject to change without notice.
- The Bank relies on information obtained from sources believed to be reliable but does not guarantee its accuracy or completeness.

